# TALES ABOUT THE FOE AGUINALDO MAY SURRENDER

War in the Philippines May Last
For Years.

For Years.

FILIPINOS ARE FIGHTERS

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WELL ARMED AND RECKLESS

War in the Philippines May Last

arm, severe; D, W. Schriven, knee, severe; F. Frank Peterson, knee, severe; George Newsort, leg. severe; H, H. E. Wright, foot, severe; Sherman Denzel, knee; Musician Albert Taylor, scalp; L. Privates M. I. Sayles, check, serious; R. E. Riley, thigh, severe; M. George L. Sears, hip, severe; Pericy M. Music, forearm, severe; L. John Greetzer, scalp, severe.

WELL ARMED AND RECKLESS OF CONSEQUENCES.

Topography of the Country Extremely Favorable to the Insurgents-Will Not Stop Fighting Even Though Dispersed - Magnificent Record of Our Volunteers.

to another, and then, in abandoning a position, they can flood the fields and thus hinder the advance of our men. I have not seen it mentioned in the dispatches, but I have no doubt many

of these fields have been flooded

conting themselves in range.

RECORD OF VOLUNTEERS.

Admiration From Regulars.

regiments and no complaint when call ed upon to bear the brunt of an as

Surgeon General Sternberg says the

medical department in the Philippines is ready and prepared for any emer-gency which may arise. The hospital ship Relief, which left New York zev-

ernl weeks ago laden with supplies, is

about half way to Manila, and her arrival is expected at that port about April 15. She carries an abmdance of medical supplies of every description and has many medical officers, hospital

stewards, privates and nurses aboard. The officers in charge at Manila have pienty of funds to make any necessary purchases and have full authority and

discretion in every particular. Hospit have been constructed at Manlia

and the vicinity in anticipation of trou-ble with the insurgents and every con-ceivable preparation for the reception of the wounded has been made. The

he had one of his native offi-

forearm, severe; L. John Greetzer, scalp, severe.

Twentleth Kansas—Company A. Corporal Fred Recob, thigh, severe; H. Privates Joseph Wahl, neck, severe; L. Lesile Sitzer, arm, severe.

First Montana—Company A, Private Harry Athey, thigh, severe; B, J. O. Bolkley, neck, severe; F, Joseph Lorenz, back, severe; G, William Yost, hip, severe; H, Frank Gibson, leg, severe; I, Addison Seymour, chest, severe; A. K. Lundenan, chest, severe; John Tierney, thigh, severe. thigh, severe. First Colorado-Company H, Private Harry Kerr, chest, severe.
Twenty-second Infantry—Company I,
Private John Hogeboon, shoulder Chicago, March 28 .- G. P. H. Farrell,

captain and assistant surgeon of the slight.
Third Artillery—Battery H, Sergeant Helll, abdomen; Musician Henry J Roth, forearm, severe; Privates John McConezs, leg, severe; K, Frank B, Catron, thigh, severe; Orin McKay, leg, severe; A. D. Broeckling, knee, severe; John Gilhian, foot, slight; L, Tom Culbertson, Illum, severe; Clarence E, Chappell, thigh, severe; Alex Pike, bip, severe; Captain J, C. Read, commissary subsistence U. S. V., finger, trifling, spectator. First California volunteers, is in Chicago. His regiment was the first to cago. His regiment was the first to reach Manila last June, and the captain was in the Island of Luzon continuously until the last week of January, two months ago. He had unusual opportunities to study the conditions in the Island, as he was selected dast October to make a tour of lected last October to make a tour of investigation extending from Manila to Dagupan. He speaks Spanish fluently, and for that reason was chosen to carry on many of the negotiations with Aguinaido. He has traversed the coun-

(Centinued from page 13)

### MORE REINFORCEMENTS.

fling, spectator.

# againatio. He has traversed the constry where the American troops are now fighting, and in speaking of that locality he said: "The ruilway line extends up the middle of the valley along which our troops have been advancing. The country in which recent operations have the Philippines.

New York, March 28.-A dispatch to the World from Washington says: The war department is giving serious concountry in which recent operations have taken place is very flat and is simply a succession of rice fields. Between this valley and the sea is a low range of hills, and on the other hand is the coast range of mountains, perhaps 5,000 or 5,000 feet high. The rice fields are quite small and are separated by dikes so that they can be flooded. It is an excellent country for defensive operations. The natives can use the dikes for trenches, retreating from one to another, and then, in abandoning a war department is giving serious consideration to the advisability of sending a regiment to the Philippines in addition to those en route and under orders. This command will probably be one of the artillery regiments now in the east. Three light batteries were given orders today to proceed to Mazula via Sar Francisco—E of First artillery, F of the Fourth and F of the Fifth.

Francisco—E of First artillery, F of the Fourth and F of the Fifth.

The Zealandia and Puebla left San Francisco a few days ago with the Ninth infantry. The Hanocek will take the Twenty-first infantry, the Warren eight batteries of the Sixth artillery and recruits, and the Morgan City six companies of the thirteenth artillery. These ships will sail from San Francisco by April 15. The Ohio and the Senator are now on their way back from Manila, and will arrive at San Francisco by April 30, The Ohio will immediately sail with the remainder of the Thirteenth infantry and the Senator will convoy twenty officers and 250 men of the Sixth Infantry and recruits. of the Sixth infantry and recruits.

# of these fields have been flooded." "What do you believe will be the effect of the present campaign?" "There will be several pitched battles, and then Aguinaldo's army will be dispersed, but the American army in the Philippines will have to contend with guerrilla warfare for several years to come. The natives will not submit, even if the main body of the army is demolished and scattered. Still, I do not think the prospect is one that should be alarming or distressing. Our army will have an experience in the Philippines which will be exceedingly valuable and make it all the more effective in the future." "How did you happen to make a trip PROMOTION FOR MACARTHUR. Will Be Made Brigadier General In Regular Army.

New York, March 28 .- A dispatch to How did you happen to make a trip "How did you happen to make a trip through the island?"
"It was found advisable to ascertain what the natives in the interior were doing, and what seemed to be their attitude toward the Americans. The American officers in uniform who had attempted to traverse this part of the country had been arrested and sent back, so I traveled as a civillan. That was nate in October. As I am of English man, I allowed the natives to believe that I was an Englishman. In addition to that, I spoke Spanish, and the Herald from Washington says: As

was hate in October. As I am of English was hate in October. As I am of English birth, I allowed the natives to behieve that I was an Englishman. In addition to that, I spoke Spanish, and found little difficulty in getting along, although I was continually stopped and questioned. At every town the soldiers demanded of me a pass from Aguinaido. The fact that his name was mentioned everywhere, showing that he was regarded as their leader, gave me some idea of his influence in the Island. I went the entire length of the railway line to Dagupan on the entire coast and coverwhere. I found the natives work in pursuing Aguinaido's forces and coverwhere a trailway line to Dagupan on the entire coast. was regarded as their leader, gave me some idea of his influence in the island. I went the entire length of the railway line to Deagupan on the entire coast and everywhere I found the natives arming themselves and drilling constantly. The one topic of conversation was the coming fight with the Americans. They seemed to regard it as incevitable, and were not disposed to avoid it. Even the little boys were marching up the streets and being drilled, and I never saw more military enthusias in any country. Of course, the drilling was very awkward and the fact that the department feels that it will only be a just reward to appoint him to the grade.

ADVICE TO AMERICANS.

Must Stir Up Dissensions Among the Insurgents.

London, March 28.—The Daily Chronicle this morning prints extracts from a latter written by a distinguished british naval officer recently in Philip-

were intensely in earnest, and enthusiastic everywhere, and the fact that the new arms were being shipped in and distributed showed that some well-defined policy of preparation was being put into effect. The writer, whose name is not given.

The writer, whose name is not given, the washington authorities the sent to the Washington authorities the

great dear of this money was immuni-atedly expended for arms and ammuni-tion. At Malolos I saw Maxims and Gachlags. There are enough Spanish artillerymen among the insurgents to handle these guns in an effective manicans do not arrear to understand the game of using one lot of natives against another. If they wish to conquer the islands they must adopt that plan, and

## handle these sims in all electors man before the part of the part RESPECT FOR FILIPINOS.

### with- Should Be Confined to Their Bravery and Engurance.

"You met Aguinoide often?"
For a time I met him two or three times a day. He impressed me as a very shrewd leader. He was exceedingly suspicious of the Americans and I found the greatest difficulty in getting London, March 29 .- The Times, in an editorial commenting upon a suggestion thrown out by the New York Times regarding the "birth of a feeling of re-At every spect for the Filipinos," says;

"The growth of such a sentiment does honor to the Americans, so long as their respect is confined to bravery and en-durance, and no inference is drawn from the military to the civic canabil-ities of the natives."
"Until the Filipinos are vanquished Their Discipline and Bravery Excites

and forced to sue for peace and talk of concessions is liable to be misconstrued Chicago, March 28.—A special dis-patch to the Record from Washington, D. C., says: Adjutant General Corbin and to lend to a prolongation of the struggle. That, at least, is the teaching struggle. That, at least, is the teaching of English history in dealing with semisays that nothing has occurred in the history of the country to endest the volunteer troops to the regular organization as their conduct at Manila during the present movement on Malolos, Not only have they shown excellent discountries.

of english instory in dealing with semi-civilized races.

"The Americans evidently have a tough job, and it may be they have a long one, but we do not doubt they will do it thoroughly and in a workmanlike cipline, but they have eagerly sought duty on the firing line and have never failured to advance on the enemy. There has been no shirking in their fashion, as is their national way.

### CASUALTIES TO DATE.

### Nearly a Thousand Killed and Wounded at Manila.

Washington, March 28.-A list pre pared in the office of the adjutant general shows the casualties in Manila, since Feb. 4 to be 157 killed and 864

### Transports Coming Back.

ed upon to bear the brunt of an as-sault. Their record from the moment they embarked to the present time has been excellent and the reports received at the war department, General Cerbin says, indicate that any attempt at sending them home for muster-out be-fore the campaign is completed would excite a riot. They desire to remain as long as there is any fighting to be done and the department, in recognition of their excellent service, will not order them home until the military problem in the Philippines is solved, or the vol-uniteers formally request to be re-lieved. San Francisco, Cal., March 28.—Seven ransports are now on their way here from Manila, and during the next month 5,000 men can be hurried to the front if necessary. The Hancock (formerly Arizona) is now out twenty days, the Newport nineteen, Warren (formerly the Scandia) nineteen, Morgan City seventeen, Senator ten, Ohio nine and Grant four days from Manila, and some of them should arrive soon. The ome of them should arrive soon Hancock, Warren and Grant are United States vessels and they will go back as soon as they can be prepared. The Morgan City and Ohio will be rechar-tered, but the Pacific Mail and the Pacific Coast Steamship company will probably try to get the Newport and Senator back again for coast service.

### Another Transport Sails,

San Francisco, March 28 .- The transport Zealandia, with several companies ble with the insurgents and every conceivable preparation for the reception of the wounded has been made. The 
surgeons from the American warships 
in the harbor have come ashore and 
are co-operating with the medical officers of the army in the treatment of 
the wounded.

The 
department has ordered three light batteries to Manila, battery F. First artillery; F. Fourth artillery, and F.

Fifth artillery. They will take twenty
of her case to the supreme court.

four selected horses each. Transporta-tion for the artillery has not been ar-ranged for and no date for their de-parture has been set.

### UPRISING ON NEGROS

Report of Trouble Suppressed By Censor at Manila.

Singapore, March 29.—Trouble is brew-ing in the Island of Negros, where the ining in the island of Negros, where the inhabitants repudiate the self-constituted
authority of Anissto Lacson, president of
the provisional government to arrange arfairs with the Americans, and have attucked the Americans. The censor at Manila suppressed the details.

The insurgents on Tuesday sent a message to Lieutenant Commander Cowper of
the British gunboat Piover, when the latter endeavored to effect a compromise,
suggesting that they were ready to treat
for peace through a neutral great power.

miral Dewey has cabled to the depart-ment for more men and more ships. It is believed to mean simply a determi-nation to put into execution a plan more thoroughly to patrol the island and prevent filibustering expeditions from landing.

gunboat Yorktown has arrived here with the Spanish steamer Mundara, owned by the Mendesona company of this place. The steamer was captured after a stiff chase in the gulf of Lingaven, 245 miles north. When she was first sighted the Mundara was enter-ing by the gulf, but she headed sea-ward. The Yorktown fired two shots before the steamer was overhauled.

## Artillery Regiment May Be Sent to KANSAS MURDERER LYNCHED

WITH DISPATCH.

Swung Off From a Bridge and His Neck Broken-Had Killed His Sweetheart's Aunt.

Topeka, Kan., March 28 .- A special to + the State Journal from Holton, Kan., says: Harry Sanderson, the young farmer who attempted to murder his sweetheart,

says: Harry Sanderson, the young farmer who attempted to murder his sweetheart, Myrtle Fleischer, near Mayetta, Sunday afternoon, but instead wounded Mrs. John Fleigcher, her aunt, who was at her side, so Inal she died at 2 o clock this morning, was lynched this morning by a mob from Mayetta.

Although nominally in Sheriff George N. Hass' hands, Sanderson was under the guard of one man in a back room of Nate Horrs restaurant. This was for two reasons. During Sanderson's attempt to escape Immediately after shooting Mrs. Fleischer, he started to extract some shells from his Winchester, and one accidentally exploded, shattering his right arm. Agrain, there had been a lail delivery a few nights ago and the prison was not considered safe. About 2 o clock this morning, Nats Horr, keeper of the restaurant, alone on night duty, was surprised by two men armed with revolvers, who demanded Sanderson. At the same moment men burst in the back door of the restaurant, with drawn revolvers.

The single guard was simbly paralyzed with fear and made no resistance. Sanderson was lying in bed askeep, but was awakened by the noise.

Without a protest, Sanderson arose and partially dressed. The mob, with Sanderson was lying in bed askeep, but was awakened by the roise.

Without a protest, Sanderson arose and partially dressed. The mob, with Sanderson marched to Binnar Creek, lied a rore around his neck and fastened the other end to a beam. They then gave him a kick and with a lew convusive jerks Sanderson was dead. His neck was disjointed by the fall of twelve feet and death must have come almost instantly, the nob then quietly dispersed.

The body was cut down by Sheriff Hass about 5 o'clock this morning and tuken to a local undertaking establishment, where it lies awaiting disposition by relatives. None of the mob are known by the sofficials.

The only words spoken by Sanderson shower: "Where can you hide me?" He the

officials.

The only words spoken by Sanderson were; "Where can you hide me?" He was evidently under the influence of morphine administered during the day.

The little band of farmers, having completed their work, proceeded home as noiselessiy as they had come. The lynchers were unmasted and made no effort to conceal their identity. They are supposed to have come frome the vicinity of Mayette, the Fleischer home. No sympathy is expressed for Sanderson.

CUBANS AT WASHINGTON.

### London, March 28.-The Dully Chron- Want Ten Million Dollars For the In-

surgent Troops.

The writer, whose name is not given, such to the Washington authorities the superficient of the presentation of that body, have arrived nine months of the year, and that it is summer and antumn. As soon as Agminaido extinblished his novernment, he began to levy taxes in every village and demand tribute from the wealthy residents in and around Manila and a great deal of this money was immediately expended for arms and ammunition. At Maiolos I saw Maxims and Gathurs. There are enough Spanish quate to meet the situation. They desire at least \$10,000,000, and as much more as can be obtained. They argue that if the Cuban army is disbanded after the distribution of but \$3,000,000, which would give to cach enlisted man about \$68, that the money so obtained would be barely sufficient for them to procure clothes and return to their homes, leaving them no margin upon which to enter upon the peaceful pursuits of life. Without the means of subsistence, Senor Villaion says that disorders would almost inevitably follow, and perhaps brigandage. The object both of the United States and of the assembly, says Senor Villaion, is to secure tranquility in Cuba, preparatory to the setting up by the Cuban people of an independent government, and he says it is, therefore, as much to the interest of the United States' authority as to those who immediately represent the Cuban patriots that the disbanded sire at least \$10,000,000, and as much the Cuban patriots that the disbanded soldiers are given an opportunity to return to civil pursuits. The assembly represents not the Cuban people, Serior Villalon declares, but only those who have been in arms struggling for their independence. Had Cuba achieved her absolute independence, he says, the revolutionary assembly would have raised sufficient funds to pay off the army in full, and inasmuch as the United States now assumes and

exercises the functions of a trustee for the Cuban people during the re-estab-lishment of order throughout the is-land preparatory to the establishment of a stable and independent governof a stable and independent government, he, as the representative of the assembly, will urge that it is the duty of the United States to furnish ample funds, repayable subsequently out of the Cuban revenues. They desire that the Washington authorities shall fully the Washington authorities shall fully understand the dangers that may follow if the insurgents are disbanded and sent to their homes without adequate means to begin life afresh. If the United States adheres to the present understanding with General Gomez, and the army is disbanded upon the \$3,000,000 basis, and disorder follows, the assembly wants its skirts clear of responsibility.

### responsibility. TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

ton Bros. tin can factory in Maywood, Chicago, struck. A year ago the com-pany reduced the wages 1 per cent and the strike yesterday is for resumption of the old scale.

the old scale.

At a special meeting of the stockholders of the American Tobacco company it was voted to increase the capital stock from \$5.000,000. The increase is to acquire the Union Tobacco company, and acquire the Union Tobacco company, and for other purposes.

At a meeting of the New Yord board of aldermen a motion requiring the use of eight-ounce gloves at all sparring exhibitions and imposing a fine of \$500 for all violations of such ordinance was referred to the committee on sewers.

(Continued from page 1.)

bapk in large sums. Mr. Stoutt, counsel said, had recourse to reprehensible methods to make it appear that he owed a less sum to the bank than he actually did. Among others, Mr. Brown said, Stoutt forged the name of Mr. Hedges to a note for over \$2,200, and on another occasion wrongfully charged up to an Ohlo bank \$3,500 and credited himself with that sum. The bank examiner insisted that Stoutt resign from the presidency of the bank, and this and other things preyed on Stoutt, and at the time of the shooting his mind was in a very perturbed state. for peace through a neutral great power.

Dewey Wants More Ships.
Chicago, March 28.—A special to the Journal from Washington says: Ad
Journal from Washington says: Ad
Stoutt shot himself. He had lost large summer of more special to the carried a large amount of life insurance, he had his revolver fixed that forencom, and other circumstances, counsel argued, went to show that Stoutt shot himself. He had lost large summer of more was large to the special Journal from Washington says: Admiral Dewey has cabled to the department for more men and more ships. It is believed to mean simply a determination to put into execution a plan more thoroughly to patrol the island and prevent fillbustering expeditions from landing.

Spanish Steamer Captured.

Manila, March 27.—The United States gunboat Yorktown has arrived here with the Spanish steamer Mundara, owned by the Mendesona company of this place. The steamer was captured after a stiff chase in the gulf of Lingage and the police station and subjected this place. The steamer was captured after a stiff chase in the gulf of Lingage and prevent of the seamer was captured as a story of inculsition. They arrested first sighted the Mundara was enter-

Witness wrote out his resignation, not, however, to take effect at once.

HELLISH DESIGNS. Witness met Jones at the bank the next day and said to him, "Well, you have succeeded in your hellish designs, and got my resignation." Witness further told Jones that he would tell the directors of Jones' birth as a bastard, and how he had repaid witness' great kindness with ingratitude. Jones then looked witness in the face and said, "If you tell the directors what you say, I will shoot you as sure as your name is Stoutt." Witness then your name is Stoutt." Witness then said to Jones that he had already told

the directors.

"Whom did you tell?" asked counsel.

"George Y. Wallace, Mr. Baumgarten, Gil Peyton and, I think, Mr.

Spofford," said the witness,
"Why did you tell them?"
"I thought it proper that they should know. Jones had grown very insolent, and was getting worse and unbearable."

**አ**ልተል ተልተል ተልተል ተልተል ተል Pride of Japan (Tree) Tea never varies. The choicest pickings from the new crop properly cured and packed. TO NOT NOT NOT

The articles just found when broug The articles just found when brough ashore today were positively identified by Agent C. F. Williams of the Portland line as being a part of the furnishings in one of the cabins of the steamer, wille the finding of a garrier leads to the belie that there are bodies in the wreck. O the 200 human beings who went down with the steamer in the terrific gale of Nov. S and Zi, the remains of less that thirty were recovered along the short of Cape Cod. over thirty miles away. It is possible, therefore, that many bodies are in the wreck.

Italian Inventor Sending Telegraph Messages Without Wires. ACROSS THE NORTH SEA

LONDON TIMES PRINTS THE FIRST WIRELESS DISPATCH. Complete Success of the Wireless System Is Demonstrated - Mes-

sages Easily Transmitted a Distance of Thirty-two Miles-Operates In all Kinds of Weather. London, March 29.-Gugiielmo Marconi, the inventor, who recently, after long de-lay, obtained permission from the French government to establish a station on the menting with wireless telegraphy between

tween the South Foreland, county of Kent, and Boulogns, at the mouth of the Lianne, The Times this morning prints a 100-word disaster, the fore word dispatch, the first press message by word dispatch, the first press message by the Marconi system of wireless teleg-raphy, describing the experiments be-tween the South Foreland and Boulogne. The experiments were conducted with the Morse code, which was read as distinctly as if the termini had been connected with wires.

England and France, announces that he has conducted successful experiments be-

Morse code, which was read as distinctly as if the termini had been connected with wires.

The South Foreland is the most easterly land in England, consisting of a chalky cliff about 200 feet in height, projecting into the North sea, and having two light houses, with an elevation of 372 feet. Signor Marcoul's system of wireless telegraphy has been in practical operation off the English coast for several months between the South Foreland lighthouse another East Goodwin light ship, a distance of twelve miles. The distance from South Foreland light house to Boulogne-Sur-Mer is linity-two miles, the greatest previous distance covever naving been eighteen miles, between Poole and Bournemouth in England. An experience of fourteen months had shown him that no kind of weather would stop the working of his apparatus. The vertical conductor he used is the main feature of his system, and he has found that distance to which signals may be sent varies according to the square of the length of this conductor. For signalling eighteen miles he used a conductor cighty feet high and in his application to M. Lockroy, he contended that with a conductor lid feet high he coaid establish communication between points on opposite sides of the strait of Dover, and even go that distance ten miles better.

His experiments have already proved that when such a vertical wire or con-

cago Factory Fire.

Chicago, March 28.—Five bodies were recovered this afternoon from the ruins of the Armour Curled Hair and Felt Works, which were burned last night. Four of the bodies are identified.

The recovered bodies are: William Ricksecker, aged 40 years; John B. George, 60 years, unmarried; James

## McLeod Defeats Wittmer.

St. Paul, Minn., March 28.-The wrestling match tonight between Dan McLeod of this city and Charles Wittmer of Cincinnuti, for a purse of \$500, under the

## WRAPPER SALE.



This Week Ladies' Flounced Extra Quality Percale House Wrapper \$1.37

# A MONSTER **CURTAIN SALE**

A sale where your dollars become elastic, their purchasing power stretching farther than was ever known before We unhesitatingly pronounce this March Curtain Sale



### STOUTT EXAMINED.

J. M. Stoutt, examined by Mr. Put-J. M. Stoutt, examined by air. Fut-nam, said he was 55 years of age, came to Sait Lake in December, 1889, and settled here permanently in April, 1890. was in the banking business; came from Andover, O., to Sait Lake; knew Jones, the defendant, since he was a boy; employed him for twenty years, all told. When he eatered his employ Jones was about 16; he aiways looked younger than he was, witness was a banker in Ohio, and Jones was employed in the bank as bookkeeper. From ohio Jones went to Kansas City and got employment there on recommendation of the witness. Witness thought of settling in Denver, and he and Jones stayed in that city for a month or two, but afterwards came on to Salt Lake and concluded to locate here and open a bank, the Utah National, Witness be-came president and Jones cashier, that was in 1890, and they remained as such till October, 1898. In 1898, early in July, witness and Jones had the first open to the Utahara and Jones had the first open witness and Jones had the first open rupture. It arose over the witness wanting his son, Charles, to go on the books, and he asked Jones to look after the boy's work a little. Jones refuged, saying he didn't want to have anything to do with the lad, because he had re-fused to do semething for Jones six months before. Witness was disap-pointed and hurt at Jones ingratitude, and he gave Jones notice that he would have to leave the bank, as they could not get along amicably. Witness was willing to assist Jones to get another place, probably one where he could get a higher salary.

WITNESS WAS TOO LENIENT.

Another unpleasant episode occurred after Mr. Hawley left the bank. It arose out of the fact that Hawley and some of the other clerks had overdrawn their salaries or borrowed money without security. Witness was blamed by Jones for being too lenient with them. Then witness told Jones that he was about the only one who was overdrawing his account. He didn't think Jones was extravagant, but he knew that was extravagant, but he knew that Mrs. Jones was, and witness offered to go and talk to Mrs. Jones and explain Jones' financial position. Jones said he would speak to Mrs. Jones himself. Witness asked Jones about it afterwards, but he gave no satisfactory reply. Jones had been increasing his indebtedness to the bank right along. The bank examiner stepped in about The bank examiner stepped in about this time and everything else was laid

aside for the time being.

The bahk examiner brought his wife to Salt Lake City with him, and she and Mrs. Jones and Jones and the bank examiner were together most of the time. Jones went to the bank examiner's room at Ford's hotel nearly every morning. Witness followed Jones once just to see where he went. At that timt it was contemplated to reduce the capital of the bank from \$200,000 to \$100,000. Jones told witness that the examiner was favoring them in the matter of reduction of capital and that he (Jones) thought it would and that he (Jones) thought it would be good for the bank to pay part of the bank examiner's expenses. Wit-ness said, "Well, if he is doing any-thing for the bank, do so and charge it up to expenses," Witness said Jones made that the excuse for being so much of the time with the bank ex-aminer.

aminer.
Soon after that, witness received a letter from the comptroller of the currency, couched in terms not compliency, couched in terms not compli-nentary to witness, and calling for his estruction as president of the bank.

while they rummaged his house and made efforts to get information from the ladies there. This proceeding, counsel said, was wrong and illegal, and showed vindictiveness on the part of the police. Counsel argued that the reason Dr. Pinkerton did not extract the pistol ball from the person of Mr. Stoutt was probably because it would be found that it filled the pistol carried by Mr. Stoutt, and not any weapon which Jones might have had, although it had not been shown that Jones had any weapon at all. Counsel went very fully into details, and concluded by stating that Jones was innocent of any crime.

County Surveyor Charles S. Wilkes was the first witness called for the prosecution. He had made a plat of the loury, and testified to its correctness, and it was introduced in evidence.

STOUTT EXAMINED. bers were loaded, but when he reached home only one chamber had a charge in it. Walking on along Fifth South wit-ness met a man carrying a tin pall, but he didn't observe him closely.

JONES APPEARS IN FRONT.

Nothing happened until he got to near a billboard, and all at once he raw Jones right in front of nim. Jones fit him on the left breast, and then shot. Jones wasn't three feet away. whot. Jones washt three rect away, Witness saw him distinctly life ran away and witness shot after him. Witness didn't then know that he was shot, but felt a stinging sensation in the left breast, about an inch and a half because the breast. breast, about an inch and a half below the left nipple; this was the bullet
wound. Witness had his overcoat buttoned up at the time. He put it on row
and illustrated, showing the position of
the wound and the hole the bullet made
in the coat. He fired after lones as
quick as he could. Saw Jones as he
ran and recognized him by his form.
Also recognized him when be stepped in
front of him and shot. Was so well acquainted with him would know him
anywhere. He wore a dark overcoat. quainted with him would know him anywhere. He wore a dark overcont. Witness, after he was hit backed up and saw two boys. He called to them to come to him, saying he had been shot, and asked them to help him home. The boys were Don Lochrie and Rirg-wood. The latter said he would run to the drug store and telephone for the police. Both boys left and that was the last witness saw of them. When he last witness saw of them. When he got steadled a little he made his way home and told his daughter to sand for Dr. Pinkerton. The doctor came very quickly, and witness was taken upstairs to bed.

DIDN'T HEAR THE REPORT. "Did you hear the report of the re-

volver when you were shot?"
"No, I did not; I had no idea I was not till afterwards." Witness said Dr. Pinkerton asked him

who shot him, asked if it was the man that he had told the doctor about. This was objected to, and the objection was sustained.

Witness was pretty sick and had to stay in bed. On his left breast there was a contusion and black spot as large

as a dinner plate, and the pistol shot wound on the other side. The bullet has never been extracted. Dr. Worth-ington called on witness as well as Dr. Pinkerton. This concluded the direct examination

of Mr. Stoutt.
When Mr. Putnam asked Mr. Stoutt
how much Jones' account was overdrawn at the bank, Mr. Brown objected to it, and the objection was sustained, but Mr. Brown now asked leave to withdrawn his objection, and at that point court adjourned until this mornwhen Mr. Stoutt will be cross-ex

imined by Senator Brown.

### WRECK OF THE PORTLAND.

### Believed That the Steamer's Hull Has Been Located.

Boston, March 28.-It is believed that the hull of the lost steamer Portland has been located. The crew of the schooner Maud S yesterday hauled up a quantity Maud S yesterday hauled up a quantity of steamer finishings entangled in their fishing trawls. The point at which it was brought up was twenty-two and a haif miles east half north from Boston light. The depth of the water was between fifty and sixty fathoms.

Only a few weeks ago another fisherman at very nearly the same place brought up some washbowl fittings, but these could not be positively identified.

him without a warrant and wanted to throw him into jail and keep him there while they runmaged his house and made efforts to get information from the ladies there. This proceeding, counsel said, was wrong and illegal, and showed vindictiveness on the part of

## cago Factory Fire.

The recovered bodies are mention.
The recovered bodies are: William Ricksecker, aged 40 years; John B. George, 60 years, unmarried; James Flanagan, 24 years old, lived with his mother and sister; John Smith, 18 years; unidentified man, burned become according to the product of the product o years; innoentified man, burner be-yond recognition, thought to be the re-mains of Daniel Sheehan.

The miseing are: Miss Ella Hemmil-wright, forewoman of the picking room; William Gilson, workman; John White,

The three men, Jeremiah Steele, James Kuda and Paul Rosemier, who were the most seriously injured, are doing well. Steele, who jumped from

a fourth-story window in the firemen's net, is the only one who is in a critical condition. Tonight at 6 o'clock he re-gained consciousness, and has an even chance to pull through. The others in-

## "PINNACLE JIM" KILLED.

### Spokane Mining Man Attacked His Friend While Drunk. Spokane, Wash., March 28 .- A Loom

is, Wash., special to the Spokesman Re-view says: James O'Connell, better view says: James O'Conneil, better known to the mining world as "Pin-nacle Jim," was shot and killed at 3 o'clock this evening. He has been in Spokane all winter, and returned here a short time ago with an expert, who came to examine his mine for Patrick Clock the had been done and had Clark. He had been drunk, and had some trouble with John O'Herrin, a well known and respected resident. It is said O'Connell threatened O'Herrin's life. He asked O'Herrin to step outside a saloon. A few minutes later three shots were fired in culck succession and later a fourth. Nobody saw the and later a fourth. Nobody saw the shooting, but when the door was comed o'Connell was dead, with his mad against the door. O'Herrin, who had also been drinking, claims that O'Con-nell sprang at him with a knife, and he fired in self-defense. The men have always been warm friends.

# Suspicious of Chicago Meat. Rochester, N. Y., March 28.—Health Commissioner Fritche, dealer in hides, re-ported at the board of health meeting that beef cut into small pieces for sausake meat is being shipped in barreis to Rochester from Chicago. At his sugges-tion the meat inspector was directed to make a rigid inspection of the condition of this chopped beef.

### CONDENSED CABLEGRAMS.

Yesterday's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$282,019,686; gold reservé, \$242,-082,785.

Mr. Chin Fon Ye, the minister from Corea at Washington, has been transferred to Russia, France and Austria, his successor as minister plenipotentiary sudenvoy extraordinary to the United States will be Mr. Whan Young Min.

Acting Postmaster General Heath has cabled the postal authorities at Manila to forward all confiscated mail coming into their possession to Washington, whore it will be placed in the dead letter office. the greatest Utah ever witnessed.

To Cure a Cold In One Day Take Laxatixe Bromo Quinine Tablets.
All druggists refund the money if it
fails to cure; 25c. The genuine has L.
B. Q. on each tablet.